Labelling and annotating sketches and photos

Steep v-shaped valley

Scree

Large annular bedload

Narrow river channel

No floodplain

Path

Cliffs

Area of cliff recession

Wave cut platform
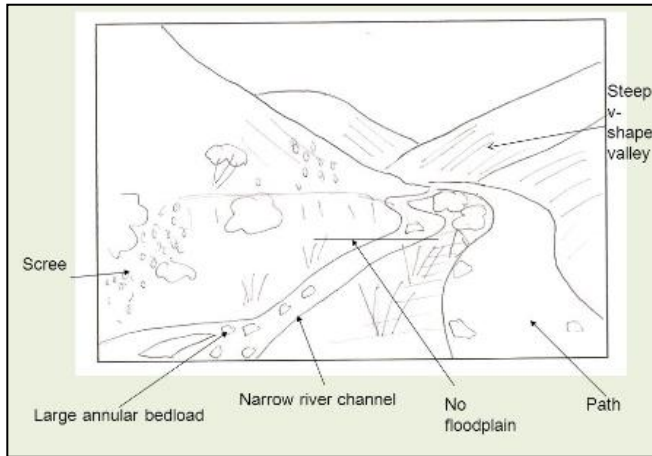
Labelling
- **Physical geography** is looking at the completely natural features of a place
- **Human Geography** is looking at the man-made features of a place.

The Water Cycle – the circulation of water from land, sea and air

Condensation

Clouds form

Precipitation (Rain and Snow)
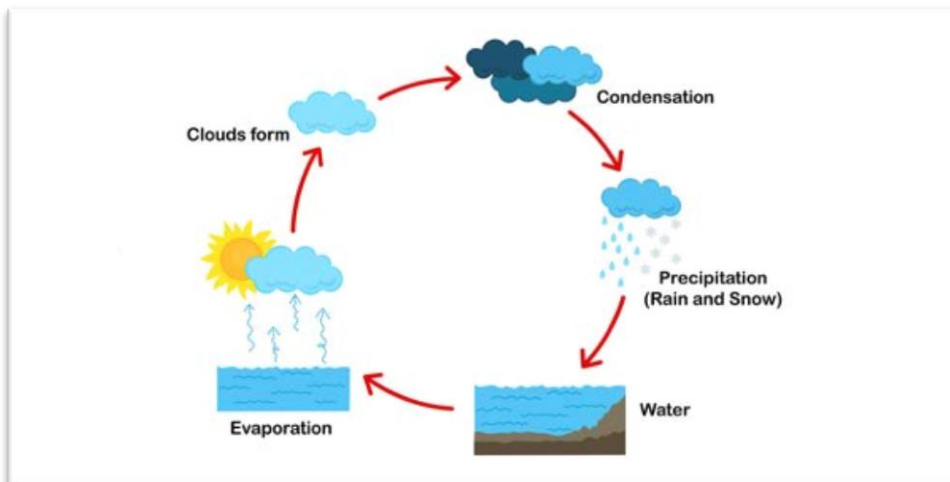
Evaporation

Water

Keywords
Precipitation – snow, rain, hail
Condensation - the conversion of water vapour or gas to a liquid
Evaporation - the conversion of water into vapour

Why people migrate?
Migration is the movement of people from one place to another.
Some people are 'pushed' (forced to leave) others are pull (attracted to a new place)

PUSH FACTOR	PULL FACTOR
Earthquake, volcanic eruption	Good climate/weather
War and unrest	Better schools
Lack of work	Good paid jobs
Poor housing	To be with friends and family
Lack of health care – doctors, nurses, hospitals	Variety of entertainment
Crime	Open space

Hello Year 6! We'll soon be welcoming you into the HLS Geography department where you'll be learning about the world around you. At HLS you'll have 4 lessons of Geography a fortnight. This double-sided knowledge organiser will provide you with some of the key knowledge and skills for Year 7. Over the summer holidays keep an eye on the news and see what Geography you can find!

Countries that make up the United Kingdom

World's 7 Continents
AFRICA
ANTARCTICA
ASIA
EUROPE
NORTH AMERICA
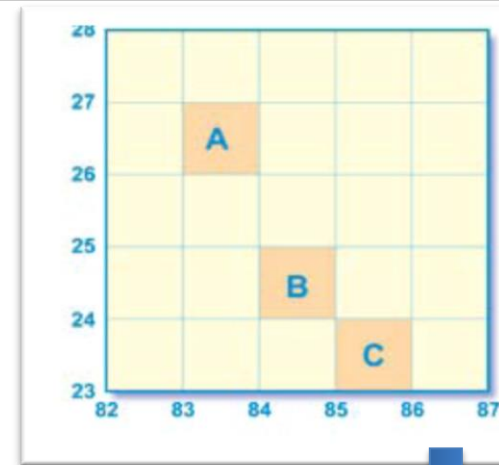OCEANIA
SOUTH AMERICA

Map skills: Finding places
4 Figure Grid References
Motto: **'Along the corridor and up the stairs'**

Using an 8 point compass to show where places are.
Motto: '**N**ever **E**at **S**hredded **W**heat'

Where places are on a map
A = 8326
B = 8424
C = 8523

Important key words and definitions

Keyword	Definition
A. Trade	When countries buy and sell things
B. Rural	The countryside
C. Manufacture	When raw materials are made into products
D. Environment	Our natural surroundings
E. Erosion	When the landscape is worn down and removed
F. Rivers	Rain water collects in these
G. Recycle	To use things again instead of throwing them away
H. Weather	What the atmosphere is like, e.g. hot, windy….
I. Pollution	When harmful things go into the air, sea or land
J. Urban	Towns and cities
K. Transport	How things are moved about